

HFO-Stable Polyurethane Catalyst Solutions

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Huntsman Performance Products

- Over 350 products
- 15+ chemical process technologies
- Over 900 customers
- Approximately 2 billion pounds of annual production capacity through many different chemistries
- 2020 revenues of USD 1 billion
- 10 manufacturing locations
- Approximately 800 associates worldwide

Performance Products

Key Products and Markets



- AMINES: Leading global producer of specialty amines used in gas treating, fuel and lube additives, PU additives, coatings, adhesives and composites.
- MALEIC ANHYDRIDE: Largest global producer and supplier into markets such as unsaturated polyester resins (UPR), food, lube additives, and coatings.
- CARBONATES: One of the largest global producers of alkylene carbonates and the only producer in the US; used for high purity applications in electronics and as electrolyte solvents for lithium-ion batteries.



ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY
Battery, Electronics



COATINGS, ADHESIVES & COMPOSITES



CONSTRUCTION
UPR, Industrial Applications



FUELS & LUBRICANTS
Fuels, Lubes, Metalworking



GAS TREATING
Gas Processing Chemicals
& Licensing



PU ADDITIVES

Amine Catalyst Technology

HPP Polyurethane Additives R&D

What we do

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Technical support

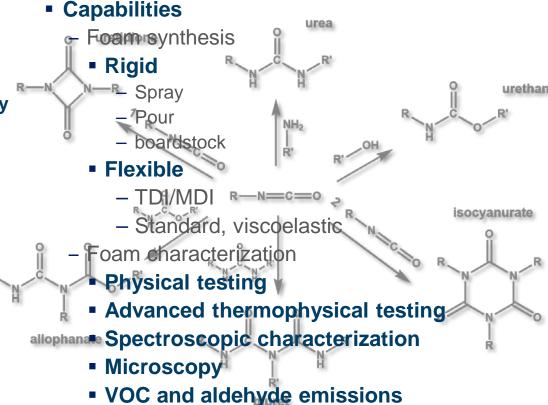
- Customers
 - Respond quickly to customer issues/inquiries
 - Samples, blends, foam troubleshooting, on-site visits
 - Train customers/co-workers to use our products correctly and safely
- Plant issues
 - New product scale-up, product quality troubleshooting, training
- Interfacial cooperation with marketing and sales

Development

- Investigation of new applications for existing products
- Market expansion of niche products
- Market-driven development and/or testing
 - New blends
 - Emissions testing

Research

- Strive to understand structure/property relationships between PU additives and foams
- Fundamental investigations of new molecules or new phenomena
 - Synthesis, spectroscopic characterization, foam testing, etc.



- Small molecule synthesis
 - New catalysts
 - new additives

R&D Approach – How we do it

Strategy and areas of focus

Low-emission catalysts

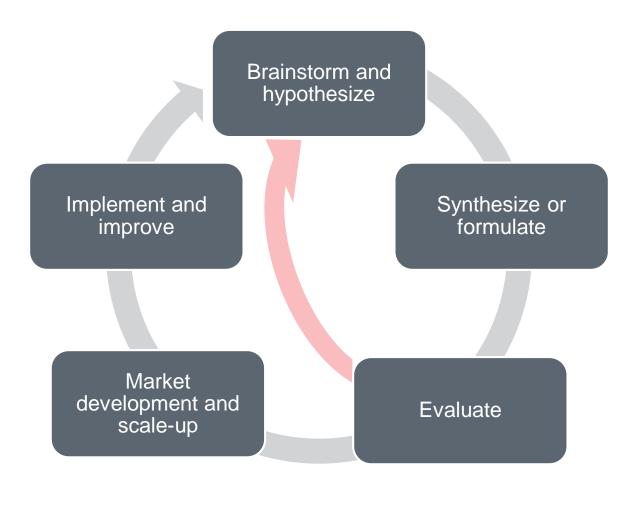
Lower odor and VOCs

React into the foam (non-fugitive)

Expanding chemistry portfolio

New tools for customers

New, differentiated molecules





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Aldehyde reduction strategies

Regulatory pressure to reduce aldehydes

Reduce aldehydes during and after foaming

HFO-stable spray-foam catalysts

New blowing agents not stable

Future market growth

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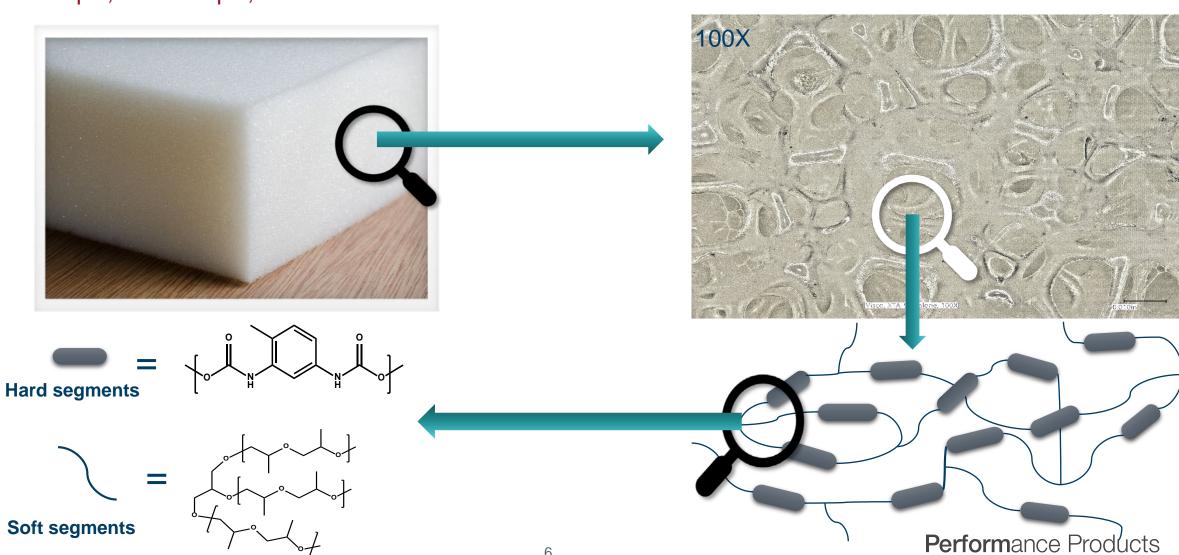


Polyurethane Foam

Macroscopic, microscopic, and atomic levels



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Polyurethane Foam Chemistry

Foam formation reactions

- Polyurethane foam formation is a balancing act between two reactions
 - Isocyanates reacting with water to produce CO₂ and a urea linkage
 - o "Blowing" reaction
 - Generates CO₂ gas that contributes to foaming
 - o Also builds molecular weight
 - Isocyanates reacting with polyols to form a polymer
 - o "Gelling" reaction
 - Needed to build strength to support rapidly expanding foam
- These reactions happen in concert with each other
 - Too much blowing results in large splits or blow-holes, resulting in possible foam collapse
 - Too much gelling and the foam will be too closed, resulting in shrinkage and/or foam collapse
- How are these reactions controlled?
 - Catalysts!



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JEFFCAT® Polyurethane Catalysts

The tuning knobs of the foam formation process

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Why are there so many JEFFCAT® catalysts???

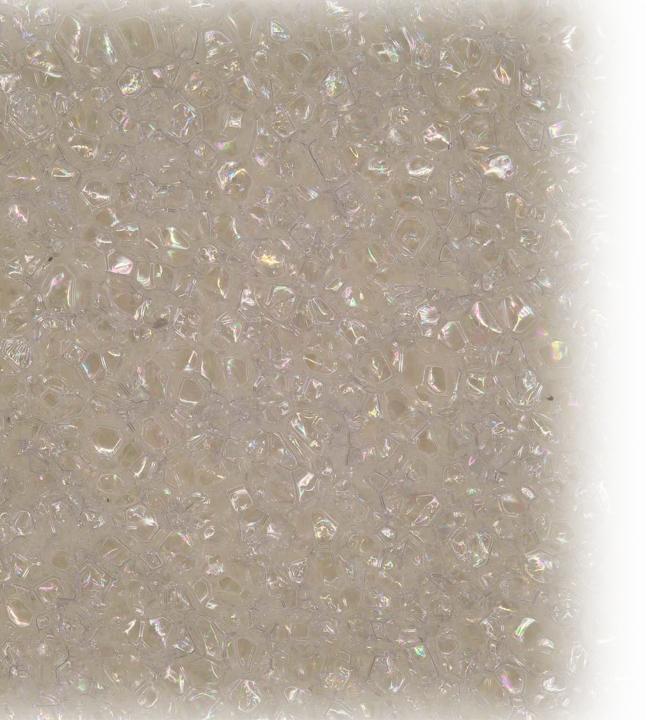
• JEFFCAT® catalysts are a small part of foam formulations but have a drastic effect

on foam processing and properties.

- Factors affecting catalyst function
 - Acid blocking
 - Alkalinity
 - Amine equivalent weight
 - Atom arrangement
 - End group
 - Mobility
 - Molecular structure
 - Nucelophilicity
 - Number of active centers
 - Solubility
 - Steric Hindrance
 - Volatility







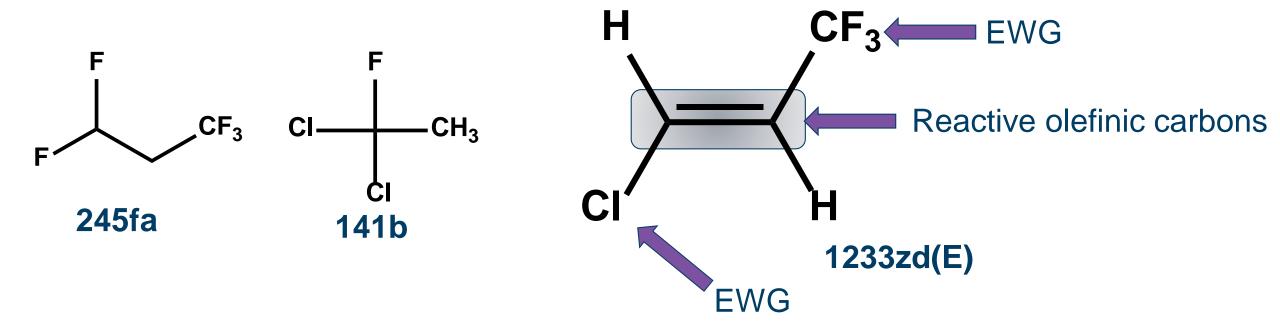
HFO-Stable Catalyst R&D

Background, Synthesis of New Concepts, and Evaluation Process

HFO Chemistry in Polyol Resin Blends

Reactivity differences in blowing agents





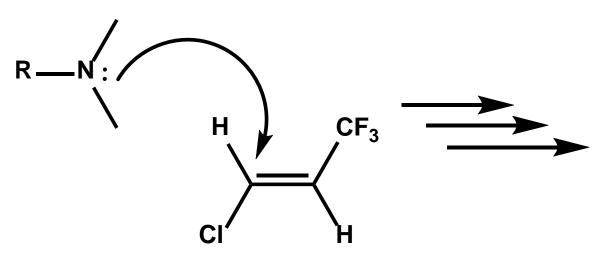
- Previous generation blowing agents have halogen electron-withdrawing groups (EWGs) but no olefinic (reactive) moieties, generally resulting in stability
- New low-GWP blowing agents have both, making them unstable nucleophilic species (such as amine catalysts)

HFO Chemistry in Polyol Resin Blends

Amine-promoted degradation



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- Traditional amine catalysts contain highly nucleophilic methylamino groups that react with the olefinic bonds in the HFO blowing agents, forming by-products that are neither catalytic or blowing
- Solutions are required which provide fast front-end catalysis and are stable with HFO blowing agents

F- ions break down silicone surfactants

- Slow expansion and curing
 - Poor cell structure
- Loss of insulation strength
 - Low physical strength

BA+amine reaction results in loss of catalyst strength

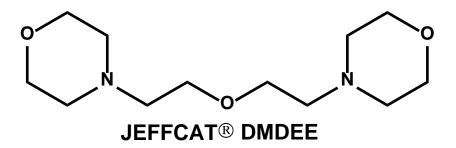
BA+amine reaction results in loss of BA

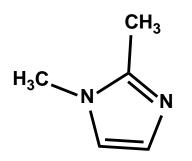
HFO-Stable Catalyst Solutions

Developing a platform of solutions

- Commercial products
 - JEFFCAT® H-1 catalyst blend of JEFFCAT® DMDEE and 1,2dimethylimidazole
 - Very stable blend of gel and blow catalysts, optimized for spray foam
 - JEFFCAT® DMDEE catalyst
 - Completely stable with HFO due to reduced activity of amines
 - Part of almost every HFO-based catalyst solution
 - JEFFCAT® H-73 catalyst (in commercialization process)
 - 1,2-dimethylimidazole in EG (offset to known products)
 - o Gelling compliment to DMDEE, gives boost to adhesion
 - o Do not over-use or density loss/over-gelling can occur
- Most formulations blend these products, possibly in conjunction with catalytic polyols and minimal amounts of other products
- Faster catalysts are needed to boost adhesion and cold-weather performance without affecting stability
- Existing chemistry is lacking in performance and diversity inventive new chemistry required







1,2-dimethylimidazole

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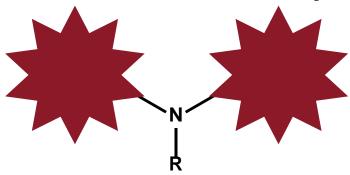
HFO Chemistry in Polyol Resin Blends

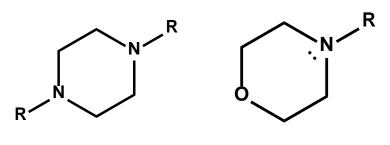
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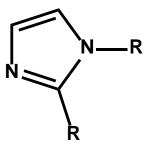
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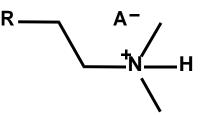
Deactivated amine solutions

- Known strategies to improve stability pros and cons
 - Sterically hindered amines
 - Stability depends on size of groups
 - Slower catalysis
 - Electronically deactivated amines
 - Very stable
 - o Sometimes slow
 - Limited choices and availability
 - Acid-blocked amines
 - Provides some reactivity of parent amine
 - Needs front-end thermal kick to unblock acid
 - Increase in corrosivity
- Effective solution will combine strengths and minimize weaknesses
- Catalyst program has synthesized and investigated many options





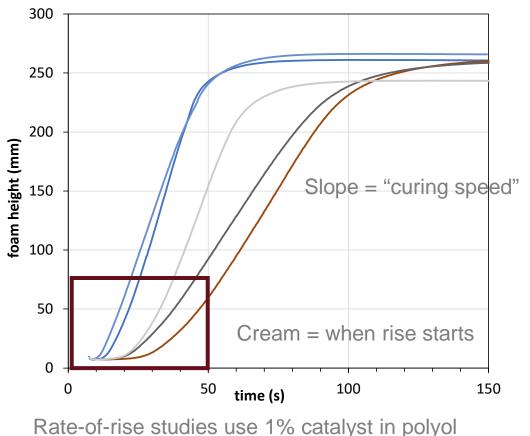


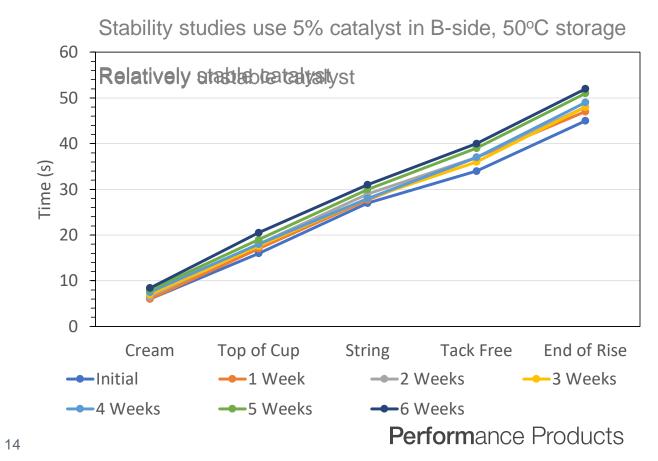


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Stability, Speed, and Cream

 FOAMAT® used to evaluate speed and cream time; accelerated storage stability testing used to evaluate catalyst compatibility





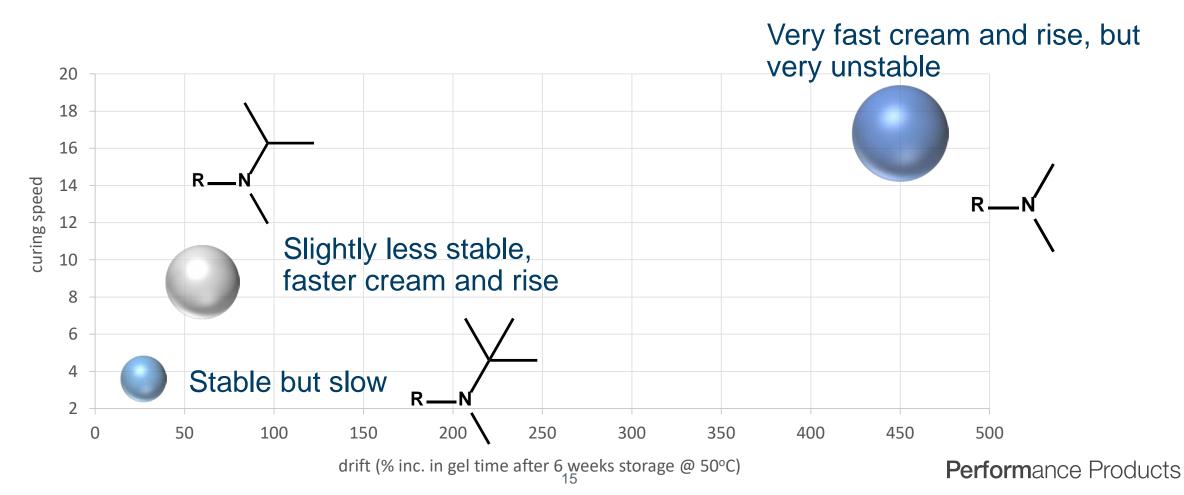


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Stability, Speed, and Cream

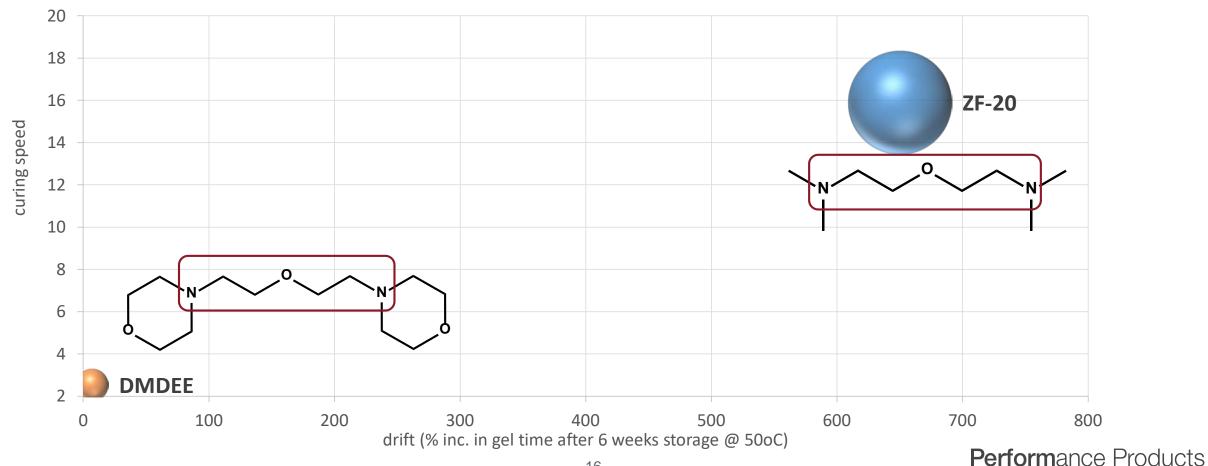
Combination of all three parameters onto one "bubble" graph



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Stability, Speed, and Cream

Electronic effects (morpholine groups add stability but remove speed)



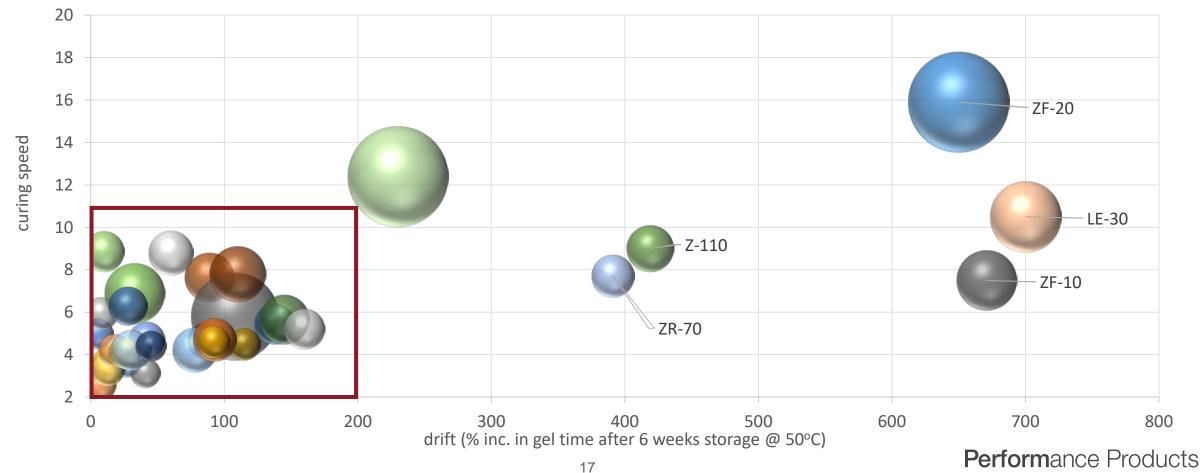


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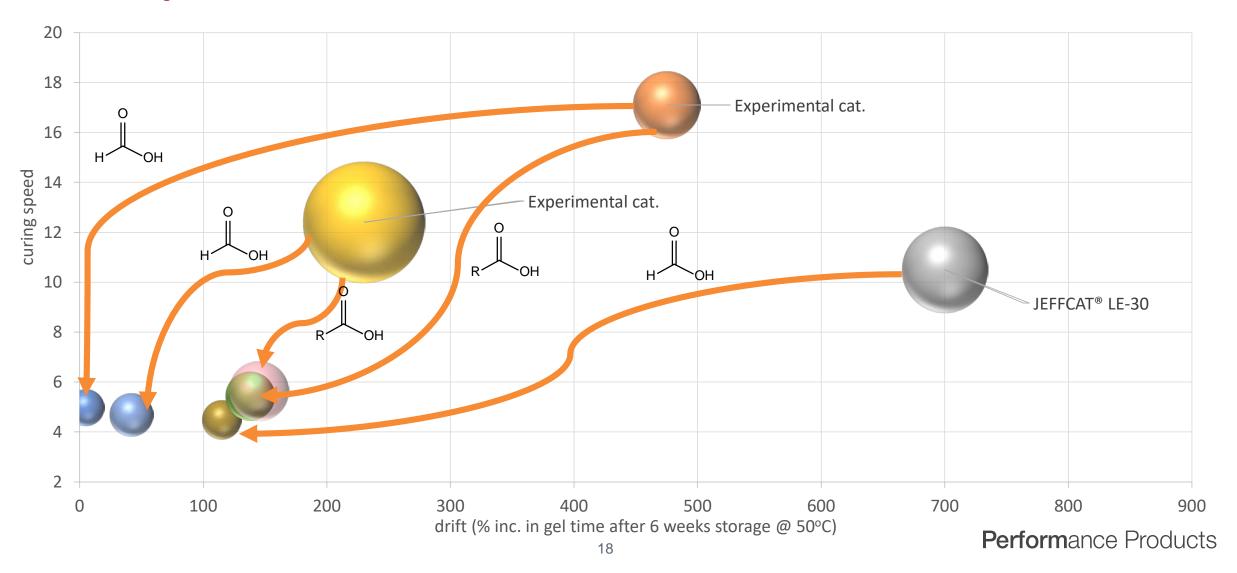
Many catalysts, small window of optimal performance

Traditional catalysts are fast but too unstable



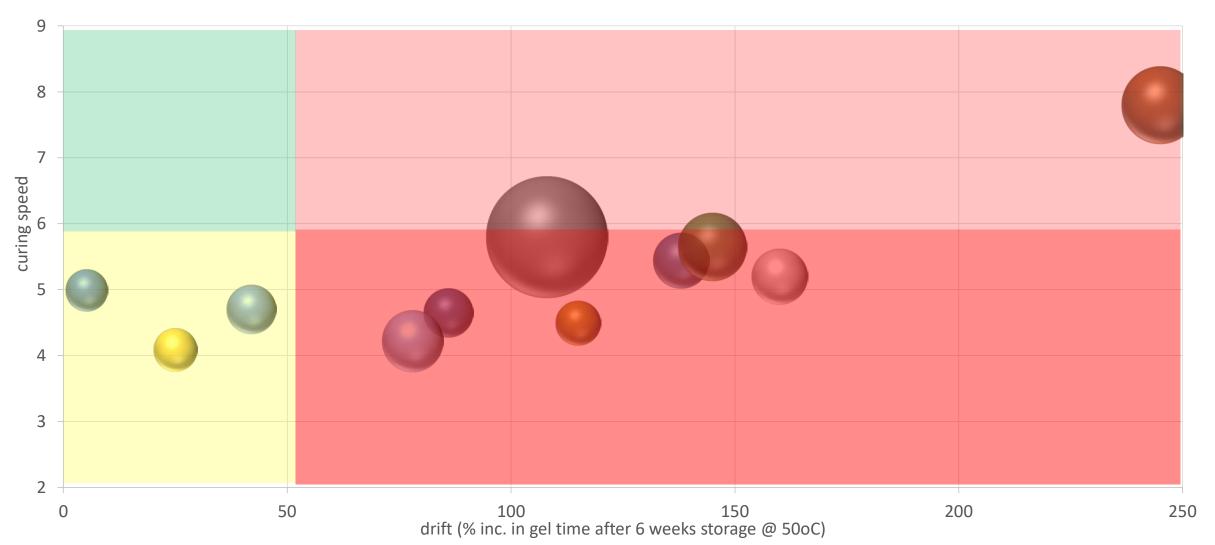
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Acid Blocking



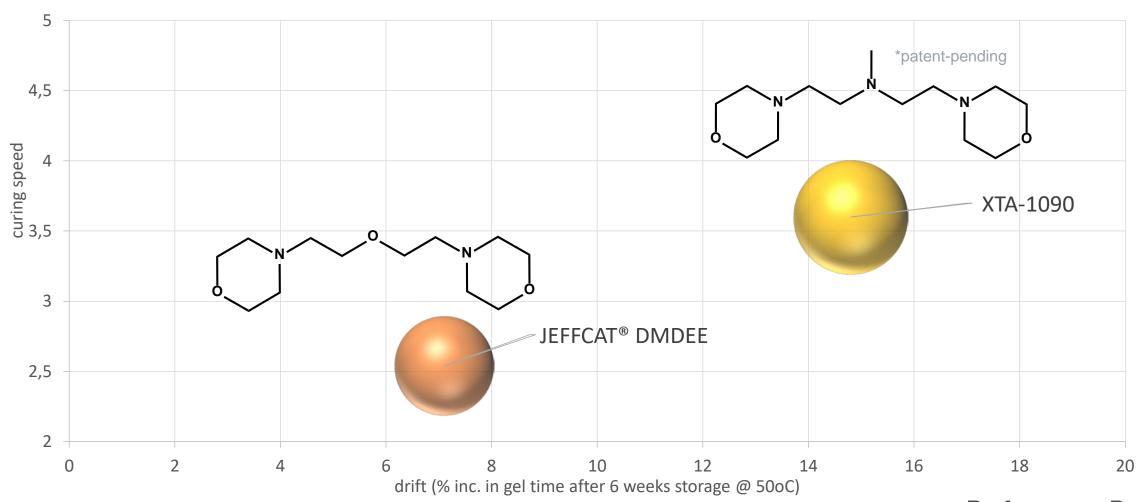


Acid-blocked products - not adequate solution





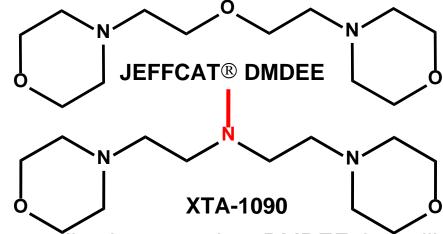
Molecular modifications towards new products



XTA-1090

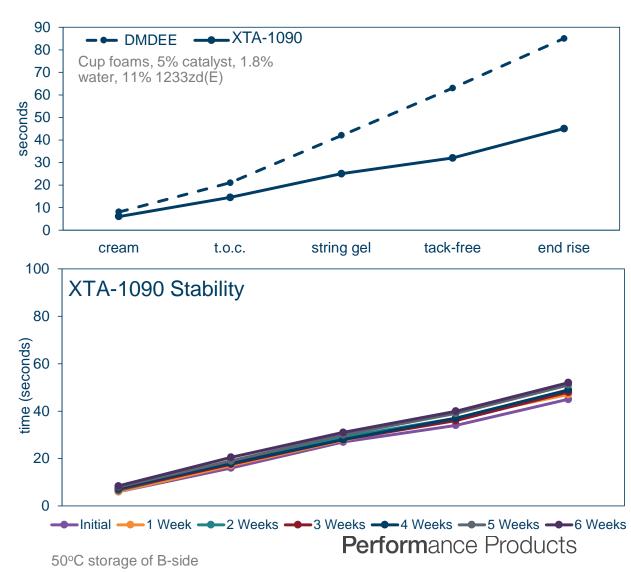
Next-generation DMDEE

• Faster DMDEE-type, stabilized by morpholine groups



- More gelling in nature than DMDEE, but still leans heavily towards blowing
 - DMDEE gel/blow ratio = 49.4
 - XTA-1090 gel/blow ratio = 14.0
- Faster front-end and 2X faster tack-free time
- Excellent stability with HFO
- Equally low in emission due to high MW
- Stable with Sn/Bi co-catalysts





DMDEE, DMI, and XTA-1090 in Pour-in-Place Foams

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Comparison with DMDEE/DMI blend

- HFO-blown appliance foams need good flowability and good adhesion to optimize kfactor, and must use stable catalysts
- JEFFCAT® DMDEE and H-73 can be blended to provide this combination of properties
- Exploring the use of XTA-1090 as a replacement for this combination
 - One catalyst instead of two
 - DMI is expensive
 - Flow test shows equivalent flow at lower overall catalyst usage
 - Looking for more advanced PiP formulators to give feedback on this material as a catalyst for HFO pour-in-place systems

System	Cup density (pcf)	Tube density (pcf)	Flow number
4% DMDEE + 0.5% DMI)	1.6877	2.7013	1.60
3.0% XTA-1090	1.6684	2.6587	1.59

*for the flow test, gel time of the control is measured and matched with the required amount of XTA-1090. Cup density and tube density are then taken for each, and the ratio gives the flow number



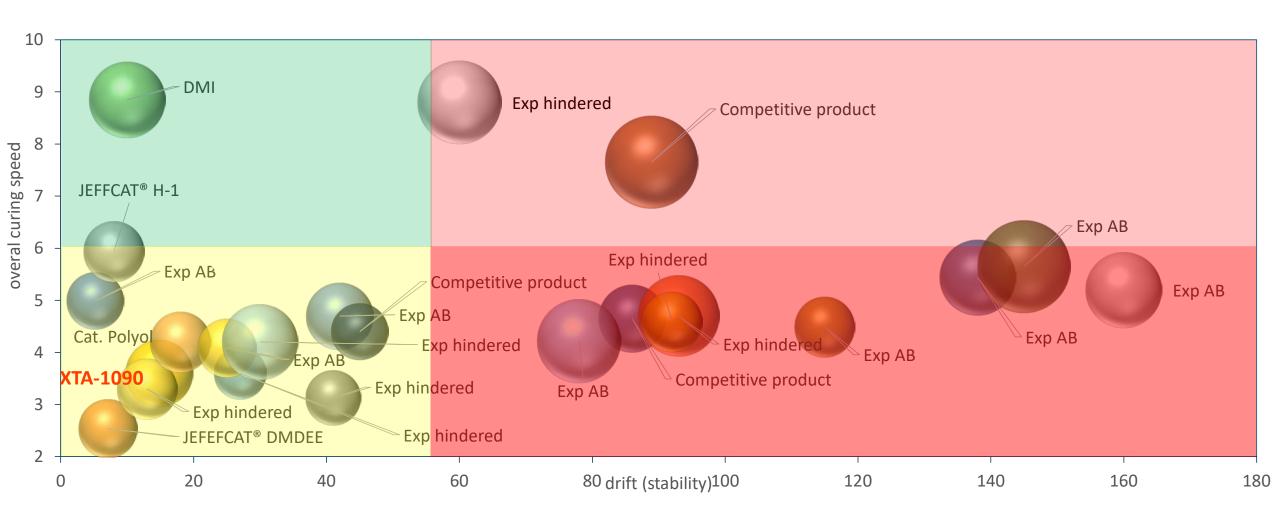
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HFO-Stable Catalysts for Spray Foam

Promising experimental



Stable, fast amine, with no acid blocking is ideal situation



Conclusions, Path Forward



New catalysts on the way to compliment industry standards and add to toolbox

- Formulation with HFO blowing agents in challenging
 - Smaller toolbox of catalysts to work with
- JEFFCAT® DMDEE, JEFFCAT® H-73 and JEFFCAT® H-1 catalysts are existing tools to help create stable HFO formulations
- Formulators need more tools in their kits to create effective HFO systems
 - New tools = new molecules
 - o Long development timeline, but effective solutions possible
- Must consider the optimal combination of stability and speed in HFO formulations
- Working on multiple new products to help with this market

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